ATTENTION Va. 1899

TO THE DEMOCRATS OF ISLE OF WIGHT, NANSE-MOND AND SOUTHAMPTON COUNTIES.

Richmond, Va., Sept. 21, 1899.
Mr. William Shandis, Courtland, Va.:
munication from Col. R. E. Boykin, copy of which I herewith enclose, and I shall, as requested by him, present his communication to the state committee at a meeting to be held in this city at the meeting to be held in this city at the convex of the way out such frinds as you may desire.
Yours very truly, YSON, COL. BOYKIN'S LETTER.
September 20, 1899.
Hon. J. Taylor Ellyson, Chairman of the State Central and Executive Committee of the Democratic Party of Virginia, Richmond, Va.:
Daran Sirs.—I claim and content that for the Senate. Of Virginia, Richmond, Va.:
Daran Sirs.—I claim and content that Mr. William Shandis, of the county of Southampton, claims that he is the regularly organized Senatorial Convention held in the town of Suffolk, on the 24th day of August last, by a majority said convention. I am informed that Mr. William Shandis, of the county of Southampton, claims that he is the regular Democratic party in the said district, and if persisted in, may, and probably will, endanger Democratic Party, Interby request that. The conflicting claims and contentions thus made have engendered great dissension in the Democratic party in the said district, and if persisted in, may, and probably will, endanger Democratic Party in the said district, and if persisted in, may, and probably will, endanger Democratic Party in the said district, and if persisted in, may, and probably will, endanger Democratic Party in the said district, and if persisted in, may, and probably will, endanger Democratic Party in the said district, and if persisted in, may, and probably will, endanger Democratic Party in the person declared by the action of the Senate Courtland, Va. Sept. 25, 1899.
Hon. J. Taylor Ellyson, Chairman of the Senate Central and Executive Committee of the Democratic portion of the Senate Central and Executive Committee of the Democratic party in the said district, and if persisted in, may, and probably will, endanger Democratic Party in the said con

of Wight delegation was entitled to represent that county in the convention. The facts surrounding the two delegations are as follows: Col. C. F. Day, County Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee of Isle of Wight county, Va., and father-in-law of Senator Thos, S. Martin, in accordance with the usual custom in that county, called a mass meeting of the Democratic voters of that county to be held at the court house on Aug. 7th, 1899 (County Court day), for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the House of Delegates and delegates to the Senatorial Convention to be held in Suffolk, Va., on Aug. 24th, 1899. At the appointed hour he called the said meeting to order, and he was elected as its presiding officer. Of course, at that moment his power as county chairman, ceased, and he became merely the presiding officer of the meeting and subject to the rules of parlimentary procedure, then after some preliminary procedure, then after some preliminary procedings, nominations for the House of Delegates were declared in order.

Dr. C. J. Bradshaw and Mr. T. N. Jones were placed in nomination, and tellers were duly appointed to make the

Dr. C. J. Bradshaw and Mr. T. N. Jones were placed in nomination, and tellers were duly appointed to make the count. The Jones and Bradshaw followers separated and retired to the places designated by the chairman for the count to be taken of them. As soon as the crowd separated it was self-evident that Dr. Bradshaw's followers were largely in the majority, and that Jones. places designated by the chairman for the count to be taken of them. As soon as the crowd separated it was self-evident that Ur. Bradshaw's followers were largely in the majority, and that Jones was overwhelmingly defeated, and as the result, the Jones leaders lost heart and would not participate in the count. That the tellers who had been duly appointed proceeded to canvass the Bradshaw vote, and that the vote was fairly and honestly taken, and that the representatives of both sides were privileged to participate in the count, and the Bradshaw tellers would gladly have welcomed the Jones tellers during the count. That the mass meeting reassembled to hear the report of tellers, and that Col. Day ascended the platform and as chairman of the County Democratic Executive Committee attempted to adjourn the meeting sine die for no good cause and without authority, motion or consent of the meeting, and vacated the chair, protest against such unwarranted action on his part was at once raised, and as he refused to further occupy the chair, the meeting elected another chairman to preside overit, and continued to transact the business for which it was called, reports of the tell ers were called for. The Bradshaw tellers reported, but the Jones tellers failed to report, and Dr. Bradshaw was declared the nominee. Up to this point nothing had been done about Senatorial delegates, but after nominating Bradshaw tellers reported, but the Jones tellers failed to report, and Dr. Bradshaw was declared the nomine. Up to this point nothing had been done about Senatorial delegates, but after mominating Bradshaw tellers reported, but the Jones tellers failed to raw as wholly unwarranted and is not sustained by parliamentary law, and has no preceded to do the work that Col. Day in attempting to adjourn the meeting without motion and consent of the body. Such an attempted action was wholly unwarranted and is not sustained by parliamentary law, and has no precedent in history. If, after such attempted action on his part, the Boykin peopl

have had a majority of supporters in the said meeting? Cols. Day and Boy-kin afterwards attempted to retrieve their lost fortunes by calling a primary to select delegates to the Senatorial convention. My friends refused to participate in that, as delegates had already been regularly chosen at the call of Col. Day. At that primary they claimed to have polled more votes than were cast for Bradshaw at the mass meeting, but admitting for the sake of argument, if you will, that that claim may be wellfounded, still it did not invalidate the the electing at the mass meeting, for if there had been only one hundred voters at that mass meeting then the action of only fifty-one of them would have been binding on the meeting and on the party, though there were two thousand voters in the county who falled to attend the mass meeting.

At the Senatorial convention held in Suffolk, Va., on Aug. 24, 1899, Col. Day, who by reason of his being senior chairman in the district, called the convention to order and refused to recognize the delegates regularly elected at the mass meeting, and announced his intention to allow the irregular delegation to vote in the convention on the proposed temporary chairman announced that he would recognize the said irregular delegation to vote in the convention on their own contest, and would exclude those regularly-lected at the mass meeting, such high-handed and arbitrary action the thirty-five uncontested delegates for merefused to submit to and would not permit Col. Day to thus organize the convention and nominated me While the other went, and the proposed temporary chairman delegation from Isle of Wight, held another meeting in the same hall and put up Colonel Boykin. Such being the facts, no man ought to question my right to the nomination, and if there is dissension it is the result of the refusal on the part of her only assured of the nomination, and going to his support. Now, at this time, and in face of the above facts and in view of Col. Boykin, Southampton particularly yielding up her pr